SATHYABAMA UNIVERSITY

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING



SCSX4012 NETWORK PROGRAMMING LAB

SCSX4012 : NETWORK PROGRAMMING LAB

List of experiments

- 1. A simple Program to print the IP address of the system
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- 13. A Simple Program to implement FTP using TCP
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EX NO: 1 A SIMPLE PROGRAM TO PRINT THE IP ADDRESS OF THE SYSTEM

AIM: To create a simple program to print the IP address of the system

ALGORITHM

- STEP1: Import the java.net package
- **STEP2:** Create instance of the InetAdderess class and capture the IP address of the local host by invoking the getLocalHost() method .
- STEP3:Print the IP address of the local host using getHostAddress() method of the InetAddres class.

EX NO: 2 CREATION OF DATE AND TIME SERVER

AIM: To create a network program for creating date and time server

ALGORITHM

SERVER

- STEP1: Create instances for socket and ServerSocket class.
- STEP2: Use the port 8020 for TCP.
- **STEP3:** Make the PrintStream object connect to the OuputStream using Socket.
- STEP4: Create an instance of the Date class and write it into the Socket.
- **STEP5:** Get the IP address of the client using the socket and getInetAddress().

CLIENT

- STEP1: Create instances for socket class with the port number 8020.
- **STEP2:** Create an object of DataInputStream and make it to get data from server through the socket.
- **STEP3:** Read the Date object.
- STEP4: Print the obtained date.

EX NO: 3 PRINTING CLIENT ADDRESS IN SERVER SIDE

AIM: To print the client address in the server side

ALGORITHM

<u>SERVER</u>

- STEP1: Create instances for socket and ServerSocket class.
- **STEP2:** Use the port 9000 for TCP.
- **STEP3:** Make the PrintStream object connect to the OuputStream using Socket.
- STEP4: Create an instance of the Date class and write it into the Socket.
- **STEP5:** Get the IP address of the client using the socket and getInetAddress ().
- **STEP6:** Print the client's IPAddress.

CLIENT

- STEP1: Create instances for socket class with the port number 9000.
- **STEP2:** Create an object of DataInputStream and make it to get data from server through the socket.
- **STEP3:** Read the Date object.
- **STEP4:** Print the obtained date.

EX NO: 4 A SIMPLE CHAT PROGRAM

AIM: To create a simple chat application

ALGORITHM

SERVER

- **STEP1:** Instances of vector class is used to keep track of number of clients that can be connected and currently logged.
- **STEP2:** The method that is responsible for sending the message to the clients is made synchronized.
- **STEP3:** Server is capable of keeping into account the number of users. It adds and removes the client from the vector list as and when the connections are established and terminated.

CLIENT

STEP1: The client receives the name of the user and message of that user and sends it to client. Server then passes it on to all clients connected.

EX. NO. 5

FTP USING TCP

AIM: To transfer a file from the server to the client

ALGORITHM

CLIENT

- STEP 1: Create instance for the Socket class and establish connectivity with the server
- **STEP 2:** Use the port number 4000
- **STEP 3:** Receive the file from the server
- STEP 4: Reset the connection with the server

<u>SERVER</u>

- **STEP 1:** Create instances for the serversocket class and accept the server port
- **STEP 2:** Read the filename to be opened
- STEP 3: Send the file to the client

EX. NO. 6 SIMPLE WEB APPLICATION USING SERVLET

AIM: To prompt the user for name and email id and print a welcome message using servlet

PROCEDURE:

- **STEP 1:** Create the HTML page with form tag to collect the name and mail_id of the user
- **STEP 2:** Create the servlet to process the request and generate the HTML to display greeting message.

EX. NO. 7 SESSION LIFETIME USING COOKIES

AIM: To display all the cookie information using this session lifetime

PROCEDURE:

- **STEP 1:** Generate the web page showing sessionstatus, sessionID, creation time, last accessed time, maximum inactive interval using the methods present in HttpSession interface
- STEP 2: When the servlet is accessed for the first time, a new session is created
- STEP 3: Display the servlet session information using the corresponding methods
- **STEP 4:** On clicking the invalidate session link, the current session is terminated and a new session is generated.
- **STEP 5:** The page can be reloaded by clicking the 'reload' link.

EX. NO. 8 SESSION TRACKING IN SERVLET

AIM: To develop a shopping cart using session

PROCEDURE:

CATALOG SERVLET

- **STEP 1:** Obtain the number of books form the data stored in HttpSession using request.getSession() method
- **STEP 2:** HttpSession attribute cart is used to find and display the number of books in the cart
- **STEP 3:** Shopping cart servlet stores and updates this attribute when items are added to the cart
- **STEP 4:** On clicking the invalidate session link, the current session is terminated and a new session is generated.
- **STEP 5:** The page can be reloaded by clicking the 'reload' link.

SHOPPINGCART SERVLET

- STEP 1: Collects the list of books selected
- **STEP 2:** Updates the shopping cart

EX. NO. 9 ACCESSING DATABASE IN A SERVLET

AIM: To access the database information using servlet

PROCEDURE:

- **STEP 1:** Import the servlet package and other java packages
- **STEP 2:** Create a database like student or employee
- **STEP 3:** Obtain the database connection using JNDI lookup to the data source
- **STEP 4:** Extract the data from the database using getParameter() method
- **STEP 5:** Prepare the statements for insert
- **STEP 6:** Set parameters for the prepared statement
- **STEP 7:** Execute the prepared statement
- **STEP 8:** Run another statement to get back the request id
- **STEP 9:** Close the database connection in the finally block
- STEP 10: Prepare the response

EX. NO. 10 JAVA MAIL

AIM: To send mail using java mail

PROCEDURE:

- STEP 1: Set up the parameters like smtp server, to, from, email body etc., of javamail class
- STEP 2: Create session and create a new mail message
- STEP 3: Set from, to, date and subject field
- **STEP 4:** Create the body of email
- STEP 5: Using Transport. send(msg) deliver the message to the recipient

EX. NO. 11 SERVLET APPLET COMMUNICATION

AIM: To communicate between an applet and a servlet

PROCEDURE:

APPLET:

- **STEP 1:** Create the applet class 'Myapplet'
- **STEP 2:** Initialize the text fields t1,t2, t3 and button b
- STEP 3: On clicking the button b ,and perform the the following actionSTEP 3.1: Connect to the Servlet
 - STEP 3.2: Get the result from the servlet and store it in the textbox t3

SERVLET:

- **STEP 1:** Create the servlet and using the request.getQueryString() method, receive the applet request
- **STEP 2:** Tokenize the queries and calculate the result
- **STEP 3:** Send the response to the servlet

EX. NO. 12 JAVA SERVER PAGES

AIM: To create a login page and check whether the user is a valid user or not using JSP.

PROCEDURE:

- **STEP 1:** Create a HTML file to accept the user name and mail id using action attribute of the form tag
- STEP 2: Create a jsp file 'forward.jsp' and check whether the user is a valid user or not STEP 2.1: If the user is a valid user means the 'welcome.jsp' file is invoked displaying a welcome message
 - **STEP 2.2:** Else the same page is reloaded.